Interim Group Report for the first nine months and the third quarter 2009



MLP Group

| All figures in € million | 3rd quarter 2009 | 3rd quarter 2008 ¹ | 9 months 2009 | 9 months 2008 ¹ | Change |
|---|------------------|-------------------------------|---------------|----------------------------|-----------|
| | | | | | |
| Continuing operations | | | | | |
| Total revenues | 113.9 | 123.8 | 345.3 | 406.1 | -15.0% |
| Revenues | 109.4 | 117.4 | 330.2 | 378.1 | -12.6 % |
| Other revenues | 4.5 | 6.4 | 15.1 | 28.0 | -46.2 % |
| Earnings before interest and taxes (EBIT) | 7.1 | 3.4 | 12.9 | 39.2 | -67.0% |
| EBIT margin (in %) | 6.2 % | 2.7 % | 3.7 % | 9.7 % | - |
| Earnings from continuing operations | 5.1 | 1.4 | 5.0 | 18.8 | -73.6 % |
| Earnings per share (diluted) in € | 0.05 | 0.01 | 0.05 | 0.19 | -73.7 % |
| MLP Group | | | | | |
| Net profit (total) | 4.7 | 0.5 | -1.4 | 14.8 | >-100.0 % |
| Earnings per share (diluted) in € | 0.05 | 0.01 | -0.01 | 0.15 | >-100.0% |
| Capital expenditure | 0.6 | 1.8 | 3.6 | 8.2 | -56.1% |
| Shareholders' equity | _ | - | 396.1 | 429.1 ² | -7.7 % |
| Equity ratio | - | - | 28.0% | 28.0 % ² | - |
| Balance sheet total | - | - | 1,413.2 | 1,534.4 ² | -7.9% |
| Clients ³ | - | - | 781,000 | 728,000 ² | 7.3% |
| Consultants ³ | _ | - | 2,360 | 2,413 ² | -2.2 % |
| Branch offices ³ | - | - | 245 | 241 ² | 1.7 % |
| Employees ³ | - | - | 1,789 | 2,030 | -11.9% |
| Arranged new business ³ | | | | | |
| Old-age provisions (premium sum in € billion) | 1.1 | 1.2 | 3.0 | 4.2 | -29.4% |
| Health insurances (annual premium) | 12.2 | 12.0 | 36.2 | 33.5 | 8.1 % |
| Loans and mortgages | 360 | 189 | 931 | 710 | 31.1 % |
| Funds under management in € billion | _ | _ | 12.5 | 11.4 ² | 9.8 % |

¹ Adjustment of previous year's figures, see note 3
 ² As at December 31, 2008
 ³ Continuing operations

Interim Group Report for the first nine months and the third quarter 2009

The first nine months and the third quarter 2009 at a glance

- EBIT more than doubled to € 7.1 million (Q3 2008: € 3.4 million)
- Total revenues increase by 8 % compared to the previous quarter, rising to € 113.9 million despite a continuingly difficult market environment
- Efficiency improvement programme produces further savings greatest earnings effect in Q4
- Assets under management reach a new record high of € 12.5 billion
- Outlook: Further pick-up in business expected during the year-end period

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4

Profile

MLP - The consulting company for academics and other discerning clients

MLP is the leading independent financial and investment adviser for academics and other discerning clients. The company integrates a multitude of products and services of various banks, insurance and investment companies to offer a financial concept that is tailored to the requirements of each individual client. MLP clients benefit from a holistic advisory approach covering all economic aspects that is guided by their particular requirements at their respective stages in life.

MLP has around 250 branches in Germany, where around 2,360 consultants support and advise 780,000 clients.

MLP holds a full banking licence and together with the MLP Group company Feri Finance AG manages assets of around \notin 12.5 billion – making the company the leading independent asset-gatherer in Germany. The training provided at the MLP Corporate University is regarded as the benchmark in the financial consultancy industry. This is demonstrated by the fact that the MLP Corporate University holds the coveted seal of approval granted by the European Foundation for Management Development (EFMD) and thus belongs to a small circle of twelve renowned corporate universities which can claim this status accolade.

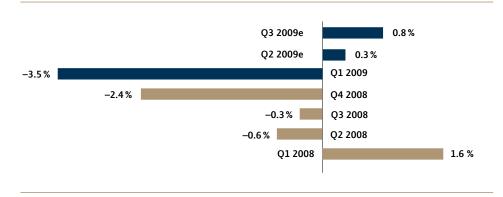
Interim Management Report for the first nine months and the third quarter 2009

Macroeconomic environment

In the third quarter, the development of the German economy – in which MLP generates 98% of its total revenues – was heavily influenced by the economic and financial crisis. Following the extremely sharp decline in economic output in the first quarter (-3.5% compared to the preceding quarter), initial signs of a stabilisation, albeit at a low level, began to emerge during the second quarter. This trend also continued in the third quarter. The gross domestic product (GDP) in the second quarter 2009 grew by 0.3% compared to the preceding quarter. For the third quarter experts expect a growth of 0.8%. This stabilization is mainly attributable to the positive effects of the extensive monetary and fiscal measures implemented by the central banks and individual governments.

Over the course of the year so far, private consumption has stabilized the overall economy. The purchasing power of private households continued to be buoyed particularly by only moderate falls in employment and a calm price environment. The labour market continues to exhibit remarkable stability and resilience – due to usual seasonal fluctuations the unemployment rate in September fell to 8.0% from 8.1% in the preceding quarter.

In the third quarter, as well as during the entire period under review, the difficult macroeconomic environment negatively affected MLP's business development. We regard the reluctance of our clients to commit to longer-term provision and investment decisions as being the major cause of the sales declines in our core areas of old-age pension provision and wealth management. In our view, this hesitancy stems from uncertainty about the future development of the economy and the labour market.



German Gross Domestic Product, change in % compared to the previous quarter

Sources: Federal Statistical Office, German Institute for Economic Research

Situation within the industry and the competitive environment

Old-age pension provision

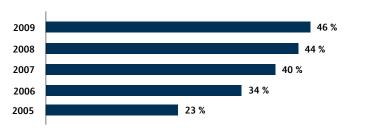
The market for old-age pension provision was unable to escape the negative effects of the economic and financial crisis. This is evident in the continued restraint exhibited by clients with respect to private old-age pension provision – an aspect that is particularly illustrated by a current survey commissioned by Postbank and conducted by the Allensbach Institute for Demoscopic Research. Over 17 % of all employed persons in Germany have reduced or terminated their private old-age pension provision as a consequence of the economic and financial crisis. One in three of the work force states that they would currently have no income from private pension provision in their retirement years.

This negative development is also demonstrated by figures issued by the GDV (German Insurance Association). New business in the first nine months of 2009 declined by around 16% – a trend that also heavily impacted MLP. Total revenues in the old-age pension provision business fell by 15.1%.

Health insurance

In the third quarter the market for private comprehensive and supplementary health insurance once again remained relatively unaffected by the financial and economic crisis. Following the reform of the German healthcare system in 2007, the higher premiums that were then incurred by many state healthcare scheme insurees coupled with the increasing-ly restricted levels of treatment and care covered by this insurance led to a heightened level of awareness on the part of many consumers of the requirement for greater private healthcare provision in the future. This, in turn, led to a rise in demand for private comprehensive or supplementary health insurance – an aspect also confirmed in this year's MLP Health Report.

Increasing interest in private supplementary health insurance



Percentage of people who have considered taking out further supplementary health insurance:

Base: Federal Republic of Germany, state healthcare system insurees Source: MLP Health Report 2009

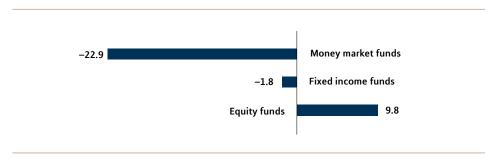
MLP was able to benefit from this positive trend in the market. Revenues in the health insurance area rose slightly by 0.3% in the period under review.

Wealth management

The financial and economic crisis also very negatively impacted the market for wealth management, as exemplified by registered net outflows from German retail investment funds for the period January to September 2009 amounting to \in 1.6 billion. In the same period of the previous year the industry recorded \in 16.4 billion of inflows. However, very different developments are evident for the various types of funds. Whereas the very low interest rates in the short-term investment domain caused investors to withdraw around \in 22.9 billion from money market funds, the positive stock market development since the end of the first quarter led to inflows into equity-based investment funds amounting to \in 9.8 billion.

Overall however, the fund assets of the German retail fund industry has not yet regained the volume held before the crisis. At the reporting reference date on September 30, 2009, \in 636.2 billion were invested in German retail funds. At the same point in time during the previous year the corresponding figure amounted to \in 670.1 billion.

Contrary to this trend, MLP managed to achieve growth in assets under management compared to September 30, 2008 from € 11.3 billion to € 12.5 billion.



Inflow into / outflow from different types of funds in Germany in 9M 2009 (in € billion)

Source: German Federal Association of Investment and Asset Management

Competition

The financial and economic crisis has further intensified the competitive situation within the financial services market in Germany and accelerated the consolidation of the highly fragmented market - although these developments were initially triggered by a tightening of the legal framework conditions (EU Insurance Mediation Directive, Markets in Financial Instruments Directive (MiFID) and amendments to German Insurance Contract Law). Smaller and medium-sized financial brokers in particular continue to be faced with the challenge of implementing the new requirements within a sensible economic framework.

MLP is playing an active role in this market consolidation. At the beginning of the year we further strengthened our sales capabilities in the German market through the concluded acquisition of the independent financial broker ZSH (see also section on "Legal corporate structure and executive bodies", page 17).

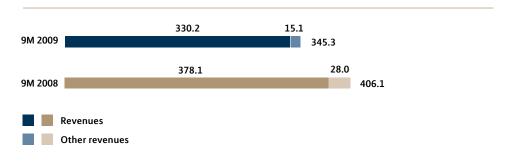
Company situation

Results of operations

Nine months: Economic and financial crisis burdens earnings development

On a nine-month basis, total revenues fell by 15 % to \notin 345.3 million (\notin 406.1 million) – the same period in the previous year having benefited from the final rise in the subsidised premiums for the "Riester" pension scheme which accounted for around \notin 40 million. Due to the effects of the economic and financial crisis earnings before interest and taxes (EBIT) fell from \notin 39.2 million to \notin 12.9 million. This figure includes exceptional and one-off expenses for capital market-relevant consulting services amounting to \notin 2.9 million in consequence of Swiss Life's stake in MLP. In addition, there was a one-off charge amounting to around \notin 1.7 million on account of restructuring measures at subsidiaries. Net profit from continuing operations amounted to \notin 5.0 million (\notin 18.8 million).

Total revenues (in € million)



MLP's business in the third quarter picked up despite the continuingly difficult framework conditions. Total revenues rose by 8% compared to the second quarter, climbing to € 113.9 million. (Q2 2009: € 105.9 million). As anticipated, total revenues fell slightly compared to the corresponding quarter of the previous year (Q3 2008: € 123.8 million), which was significantly less influenced by the far-reaching economic and financial crisis. At the same time, MLP considerably improved its profit situation: EBIT for the period July to September amounted to € 7.1 million and thus more than doubled compared to the previous quarter as well as to the corresponding figure of the previous year. Net profit from continuing operations also rose by over 100%.

Earnings before interest and taxes (EBIT, in € million)



Rising revenues in non-life segments

The analysis of revenues in the third quarter shows growth in the areas of health insurance, non-life insurance as well as loans and mortgages. The continuing focus by many clients on increasing their risk protection led to an increase in revenues in non-life insurance of 25% compared to the previous year to \notin 3.5 million (Q3 2008: \notin 2.8 million). In health insurance, revenues rose to \notin 10.4 million (Q3 2008: \notin 10.2 million). In the loans and mortgages business, revenues from commissions and fees increased by 40%, climbing to \notin 3.5 million (Q3 2008: \notin 2.5 million). In this respect, MLP benefited from a heightened level of interest in property acquisition.

The restraint on the part of many clients with respect to medium and long-term investments continues to be reflected in the development of the old-age pension provision business as well as in wealth management – although both areas are showing a rising trend. In old-age pension provision, revenues rose to \notin 65.1 million compared to \notin 60.1 million in the second quarter (Q3 2008: \notin 70.8 million). In wealth management, revenues increased from \notin 15.9 million between April and June to \notin 18.7 million in the third quarter (Q3 2008: \notin 19.4 million).

Development of expenses

In the first nine months of the current financial year the commission expenses fell largely in line with revenues from commissions and fees, decreasing by 15.7% to $\in 109.9$ million.

Due to the generally lower level of interest rates, both the interest income as well as interest expenses fell significantly from \notin 30.1 million to \notin 24.8 million and from \notin -15.9 million to \notin -9.9 million. MLP improved the interest result which amounted to \notin 14.9 million (\notin 14.2 million).

Thanks to the cost reduction programme that was initiated in the first quarter 2009 we were already able to reduce the fixed costs by the end of the third quarter which fell from \notin 221.2 million to \notin 212.9 million. Personnel expenses rose by 4.1% to \notin 83.0 million due to acquisitions, general salary increases and one-off restructuring expenses (\notin 1.5 million). In this respect, the quarters showed different developments. Whereas personnel expenses rose by 6.9% in the first half year, we were able to reduce these by 1.5% in the third quarter (see also section on "Personnel", page 16). Scheduled depreciation and amortisation fell significantly, decreasing by 11.6% to \notin 13.0 million. Other operating expenses also fell considerably. In the first nine months of 2008 they amounted to \notin 126.8 million but reduced to just \notin 116.8 million in the period under review, corresponding to a decrease of 7.9%.

Cost reduction programme producing results

After adjustment of the fixed costs to take account of one-off restructuring expenses at subsidiaries amounting to \notin 1.7 million as well as acquisition-related cost increases (\notin 4.2 million), the achieved cost reductions amounted to \notin 17.1 million or 7.7 %. We are thus on schedule with respect to our planned cost reductions. By the end of 2010 we intend to reduce the fixed cost base by \notin 34 million, of which \notin 24 million are to be achieved in the current financial year. In the first nine months we have achieved cost savings in almost all areas, particularly in training and seminar expenses, consulting and auditing costs and expenses for representation purposes.

We also significantly improved our financial result in the period under review. Following a figure of \notin –9.0 million in the same period last year, the financial result in the period under review came in at \notin –1.1 million. This improvement was mainly due to a dividend payment to the minority shareholders of Feri Finance AG that was lower than in the previous year (\notin +5.5 million), higher interest income due to higher liquidity (\notin +0.8 million) and lower interest expenses (\notin +5.0 million).

Taxes on earnings in the period under review amounted to \notin 6.9 million (\notin 11.3 million). The tax ratio increased from 37.6% to 58.1%. That was mainly due to two special effects. The dividend payment to the minority shareholders of Feri Finance AG is not valued as a tax-recognised expense. In addition, in the second quarter 2009 we booked a liability for tax back-payments amounting to \notin 1.4 million following the completion of a tax audit for the years 2002 to 2006.

Apart from the already mentioned exceptions, the development of expenses in the third quarter was similar to the overall period under review.

In the first nine months MLP generated net profit from continuing operations amounting to \in 5.0 million (\in 18.8 million).

In the period under review, after-tax earnings from discontinued operations (further explanations are provided in the "notes", page 42) amounted to \notin -6.4 million (\notin -4.1 million). This resulted in a Group loss of \notin 1.4 million (Group profit \notin 14.8 million). The basic and diluted earnings per share amounted to \notin -0.01 (\notin 0.15).

Q3: Significant increase in earnings

The initiated cost reduction measures enabled MLP to significantly improve the result in the third quarter despite falling total revenues. In the continuing operations earnings amounted to \notin 5.1 million (\notin 1.4 million). Earnings from discontinued operations also improved, coming in at \notin –0.4 million (\notin –0.9 million). This, in turn, led to a significantly improved net profit figure in the third quarter which rose from \notin 0.5 million to \notin 4.7 million.

| All figures in € million | 9 months 2009 | 9 months 2008 | Change |
|------------------------------------|---------------|---------------|---------|
| | | | |
| Total revenues | 345.3 | 406.1 | -15.0 % |
| EBIT | 12.9 | 39.2 | -67.1 % |
| EBIT margin | 3.7 % | 9.7 % | - |
| Finance cost | -1.1 | -9.0 | 87.8% |
| EBT | 11.9 | 30.2 | -60.6 % |
| EBT margin | 3.4% | 7.4% | - |
| Income taxes | -6.9 | -11.3 | -38.9% |
| Net profit (continuing operations) | 5.0 | 18.8 | -73.4% |
| Net margin | 1.4% | 4.6% | - |

Earnings development of continuing operations

Comparison of the actual and forecast business development

As we did not provide a quantitative forecast at the beginning of the year for the development of our total revenues and the result due to the financial and economic crisis, it is only possible to make a qualitative comparison of the actual and forecast business development. Our reserved assumptions concerning revenue development in MLP's core areas of old-age pension provision and wealth management proved to be correct. In the first nine months of the current financial year our clients were very hesitant with respect to the conclusion of longer-term provision contracts and to investments in wealth management concepts. Our cost reduction programme is running precisely to schedule (see section on "Development of expenses", page 9).

Assets under management at a new record high

Positive development in the capital market and light inflows lifted assets under management in the third quarter to \notin 12.5 billion (June 30, 2009: \notin 11.7 billion) – representing the highest figure achieved so far in the history of MLP. New business in old-age pension provision is also showing signs of a pick-up. Following \notin 0.9 billion and \notin 1.0 billion in the first and second quarters of 2009 respectively, the premium sum in the third quarter amounted to \notin 1.1 billion. On a nine-month basis this results in a new business figure of \notin 3.0 billion (9M 2008: \notin 4.2 billion), whereby the corresponding period in the previous year was significantly influenced by the so-called "Riester" step. The occupational pensions business area once again accounted for a larger portion of new business, contributing 9% (full year 2008: 8%).

24,000 new clients

In terms of new clients, the third quarter proved to be the strongest quarter so far of the current financial year – in which MLP welcomed 9,200 new clients. Overall, in the period from January to September MLP was able to gain more than 24,000 new clients, thus taking the total number of clients to 781,000. The number of consultants stood at 2,360 (June 30, 2009: 2,405).

Net assets

Total assets decrease by 7.9 %

Compared to December 31, 2008 the total assets of the MLP Group fell by 7.9% from \in 1.53 billion to \in 1.41 billion.

On the asset side of the balance sheet the intangible assets rose from € 162.4 million to € 171.1 million due mainly to additionally capitalised company goodwill from an acquisition.

There was a pleasing increase in financial investments and cash. Together, these amounted to \notin 255.1 million (\notin 218.0 million) at the end of the third quarter. The change arose partly due to the profit transfer by our subsidiary MLP Finanzdienstleistungen AG and the purchase of securities which also led to a corresponding decrease in receivables from banks from the banking business. Effects in the opposite direction were the dividend payment and tax pre-payments.

Due to usual seasonal fluctuations other receivables and assets fell from € 147.1 million to € 88.5 million. This mainly contains receivables from insurance companies for whom we have brokered insurance contracts. Due to the usual seasonal business development these rise considerably at the year end and then reduce during the course of the financial year.

Our tax refund claims rose from € 26.9 million to € 41.7 million, due primarily to the capitalization of income taxes for the current financial year and tax receivables resulting from a tax audit.

| All figures in € million | Sep 30, 2009 | Dec 31, 2008 | Change |
|-------------------------------|--------------|--------------|---------|
| | | | |
| Intangible assets | 171.1 | 162.4 | 5.4% |
| Property, plant and equipment | 80.9 | 80.4 | 0.6% |
| Investment property | 11.5 | 11.7 | -1.7 % |
| Shares accounted for using | | | |
| the equity method | 1.9 | 2.3 | -17.4 % |
| Deferred tax assets | 2.5 | 1.3 | 92.3% |
| Receivables from clients | | | |
| from the banking business | 303.2 | 275.4 | 10.1 % |
| Receivables from banks | | | |
| from the banking business | 454.1 | 605.6 | -25.0% |
| Financial investments | 201.4 | 179.9 | 12.0% |
| Tax refund claims | 41.7 | 26.9 | 55.0% |
| Other receivables and | | | |
| other assets | 88.5 | 147.1 | -39.8% |
| Cash and cash equivalents | 53.8 | 38.1 | 41.2% |
| Non-current assets held | | | |
| for sale and disposal groups | 2.6 | 3.3 | -21.2 % |
| Total | 1,413.2 | 1,534.4 | -7.9% |

Assets as at September 30, 2009

Very good equity capital position

The equity capital of the MLP Group decreased in the period under review, falling from \notin 429.1 million to \notin 396.1 million. This was mainly due to the dividend distribution for the financial year 2008 amounting to \notin 30.2 million. The equity ratio at September 30, 2009 remained unchanged at 28.0 %. The equity capital situation of the Group remains very good.

The other liabilities fell in accordance with usual seasonal variations by 27.1 % to \notin 172.4 million.

The changes to our deposit business are shown in the liabilities towards clients and banks from the banking business. Whilst the liabilities towards banks remained unchanged at \notin 25.1 million, the liabilities towards clients fell by 4.9% to \notin 740.6 million. This was mainly due to a reduction in client the short-term deposits of clients due to the generally very low level of interest rates.

The investment of client deposits is shown on the assets side of the balance sheet under the items receivables from clients and banks from the banking business. These also decreased compared to end of the financial year 2008, falling by 14.0 % to \notin 757.3 million. Whereas receivables from clients rose by 10.1 % to \notin 303.2 million, the funds invested at banks fell by 25.0 % to \notin 454.1 million.

Findings were made during the course of a tax audit for the financial years 2002 to 2006 that led to tax receivables and tax liabilities. Our tax refund claims increased accordingly from \notin 26.9 million to \notin 41.7 million. A further reason for this rise is the capitalization of income taxes for the current financial year. On the other hand, the tax liabilities significantly increased as a result of the audit. They rose from \notin o to \notin 12.3 million. MLP assumes with a high degree of probability that payments for items amounting to \notin 8.5 million will not have to be made and will take legal steps in this respect if necessary (contingent liability).

| All figures in € million | Sep 30, 2009 | Dec 31, 2008 | Change |
|--------------------------------|--------------|--------------|---------|
| | | | |
| Shareholders' equity | 396.1 | 429.1 | -7.7 % |
| Provisions | 53.7 | 52.9 | 1.5 % |
| Deferred tax liabilities | 9.7 | 9.6 | 1.0% |
| Liabilities towards clients | | | |
| from the banking business | 740.6 | 778.8 | -4.9 % |
| Liabilities towards banks | | | |
| from the banking business | 25.1 | 25.0 | 0.4 % |
| Tax liabilities | 12.3 | - | 100.0 % |
| Other liabilities | 172.4 | 236.4 | -27.1 % |
| Liabilities in connection with | | | |
| non-current assets held | | | |
| for sale and disposal groups | 3.4 | 2.6 | 30.8 % |
| Total | 1 ,413.2 | 1,534.4 | -7.9% |

Liabilities and shareholders' equity as at September 30, 2009

Financial position

Liquidity

Cash flow from operating activities in the continuing operations in the first nine months of the current financial year increased compared to the previous year, rising from \notin 66.0 million to \notin 79.4 million. The positive change is influenced, among other factors, by the profit transfer by the subsidiary MLP Finanzdienstleistungen AG to MLP AG and by further changes in receivables from banks from the banking business. For the same reason, cash flow from operating activities in the third quarter rose from \notin -17.1 million to \notin 13.9 million.

Cash flow from the investment activities of the continuing operations also developed positively, improving from $\notin -134.1$ million to $\notin 34.3$ million. In the third quarter of the previous year the inflow of funds resulting from the implemented capital increase were invested in the form of term deposits. These matured during the current financial year and were only partially reinvested. The improvement in cash flow from investment activities in the third quarter was due to the same reason, rising from $\notin -113.0$ million to $\notin -26.4$ million.

Our cash flow from the financing activities of the continuing operations reduced in the period under review from \notin 63.9 million to \notin -31.0 million. In the current financial year the only significant payment flow was the distribution of the dividend amounting \notin 30.2 million. In the comparative period last year we had inflows of around \notin 125 million from a capital increase, stacked against payments for dividends and the repurchase of our own shares amounting to \notin 49.0 million and \notin 11.5 respectively. No significant financing activities were carried out in the third quarter. Cash flow thus amounted to \notin -0.8 million. In the third quarter 2008 the figure reached \notin 124.4 million, which was mainly due to the already mentioned inflows from the capital increase.

At the end of the first nine months of the current financial year the Group's liquid funds stood at \notin 156 million, representing a fall of \notin 54 million compared to the beginning of the year. At the end of the first half-year liquid funds amounted to \notin 188 million. The reduction is mainly due to the dividend payment amounting to \notin 30.2 million and the redeployment of short-term to medium-term investments (around \notin 40 million).

The liquidity situation therefore remains very good. The Group has adequate liquidity reserves available. In addition to the liquid funds, MLP also has access to free credit lines.

| All figures in € million | 3rd quarter 2009 | 3rd quarter 2008 | 9 months 2009 | 9 months 2008 |
|--|------------------|------------------|---------------|---------------|
| | | | | |
| Cash flows from operating activities | 13.9 | -17.1 | 79.4 | 65.9 |
| Cash flows from investing activities | -26.4 | -113.0 | 34.3 | -134.1 |
| Cash flows from financing activities | -0.8 | 124.4 | -31.0 | 63.9 |
| Changes in cash and cash equivalents | -13.3 | -5.8 | 82.7 | -4.2 |
| Cash and cash equivalents at the beginning of the period | 134.0 | 30.5 | 38.0 | 36.7 |
| Inflows/outflows due to divestments | -0.05 | -0.03 | -0.06 | -7.7 |
| Cash and cash equivalents at the end of period | 120.7 | 24.7 | 120.7 | 24.7 |

Consolidated cash flow statement (continuing operations)

Capital measures

No significant capital measures were undertaken during the period under review. Through the exercising of convertible debentures that were issued during the course of an employee share plan, the number of shares rose by 16,597 units and the equity capital increased by € 117 thsd.

Investments in client consulting and client service

In the first nine months of the current financial year we invested \in 3.6 million (\in 8.2 million) throughout the Group, which was significantly less than in the comparative period. Around 79 % of the investment was allocated to the financial services segment. Here we continue to invest mainly in the improvement of IT support for client consulting activities and all relevant client care processes. The investment volume is considerably less this year as our IT systems have now reached a level of performance that is regarded as exemplary in our industry. All investments were financed from current cash flows.

Personnel

At September 30, 2009 the MLP Group had a total of 1,789 employees, constituting a fall of 241 people compared to the previous year. This was mainly due to a fall in the number of marginal part-time employees. Without taking the number of marginal part-time employees into account, the number of employees has remained constant at 1,534 (1,533) despite the acquisition of the independent financial broker ZSH at the start of 2009. It should however be noted that we outsourced part of our IT to a large IT service provider on August 1, 2009. Within the framework of this action, 55 employees in this areas were offered the opportunity to become employees of our IT partner Hewlett Packard (HP).

Further information concerning the development of personnel expenses and the employee structure are contained in the section "Profit situation", page 8 ff and in the "notes", page 38.

| Segments | September 30, 2009 | September 30, 2008 |
|--------------------|--------------------|--------------------|
| | | |
| Financial services | 1,513 | 1,767 |
| Feri | 265 | 253 |
| Holding | 11 | 10 |
| Total | 1,789 | 2,030 |

Number of employees

Communication and advertising activities

In the communication and advertising areas MLP heightened its profile in the third quarter, particularly with its Health Report 2009 as well as with one of the largest German grant programmes for medical students.

The MLP Health Report – a representative study that we conduct in conjunction with the Allensbach Institute for Demoscopic Research and with the support of the German Medical Association – assesses the current state of the German healthcare system. In addition to expectations of future development and current aspects of healthcare policy, the study also examines the economic situation and career perspectives of doctors. Further information as well as the possibility to order the MLP Health Report can be found at www.mlp-gesundheitsreport.de.

In September MLP carried out the Assessment Center of the new student grant programme "Medical Excellence" that started in April 2009 and is one of the largest student grant programmes in Germany. Through "Medical Excellence" MLP is supporting, in cooperation with the publication "Ärzte Zeitung", 15 undergraduate medical and dentistry students with a grant amounting to \in 500 per semester. The grant is not only aimed at academics with excellent study achievements but is also intended to reward a high level of scientific and social commitment displayed by the students.

Legal corporate structure and executive bodies

During the period under review MLP successfully completed the acquisition of the independent financial broker ZSH and fully consolidated the company in February. This step enables MLP to targetedly strengthen its position among the medical client group. ZSH was founded in 1973 and provides services to wealthy private clients as well as to medical doctors and dentists and covers all aspects of provision and financial planning.

With effect from March 1, 2009 the Executive Board of MLP AG was enlarged to include the position of a Chief Operating Officer (COO). On February 16, 2009 the Supervisory Board appointed Ralf Schmid to this position as the new member of the Executive Board with a contract until December 31, 2012.

In mid September MLP successfully sold its business unit in Austria to Aragon AG. MLP will book the proceeds from this sale after closing – probably in the fourth quarter – to its discontinued operations.

Segment report

The MLP Group structures its business into the following operating segments:

- Financial services
- Feri
- Holding

A detailed description of the individual segments is contained on pages 211 ff of the Annual Report 2008.

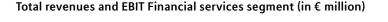
Financial services segment

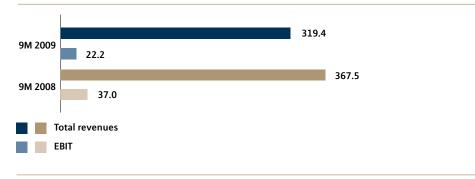
Total revenues in the financial services segment in the first nine months of the current financial year amounted to \notin 319.4 million, representing a fall of 13.1%. The previous year's figure included revenues in the first quarter 2008 due to the increase in the subsidised premiums for the "Riester" pension (so-called Riester step). Total costs in the segment during the period under review reduced by only 10.2% to a total of \notin 297.4 million. This led to a fall in earnings before interest and taxes (EBIT) from \notin 37.0 million to \notin 22.2 million.

Personnel expenses in the first nine months rose by 5.9% to $\notin 61.3$ million. This was mainly due to the acquisition of the independent financial broker ZSH and to general salary increases. This figure also contains $\notin 0.8$ million of one-off restructuring expenses. On the other hand we were able to significantly reduce the scheduled depreciation and amortisation as well as the other operating expenses. The scheduled depreciation and amortisation decreased by 12.9% to $\notin 8.8$ million and the other operating expenses fell by 7.8% to \notin 108.4 million.

Earnings before taxes (EBT) amounted to \notin 20.5 million (\notin 36.2 million) with the financial result coming in at \notin -1.7 million (\notin -0.8 million).

In the third quarter we managed to halt the negative result trend. On the one hand, total revenues in the segment declined from \notin 113.0 to \notin 105.4 million, corresponding to a fall of 6.7%. However, thanks to cost savings, we were able to reduce the total expenses by 10.9%, corresponding to a decrease from \notin 109.6 million to \notin 97.7 million. This led to a significant improvement in earnings before interest and taxes (EBIT) in the third quarter from \notin 3.6 million to \notin 7.8 million. With an almost unchanged financial result amounting to \notin –0.1 million, this led to earnings before taxes (EBT) of \notin 7.7 million (\notin 3.5 million).



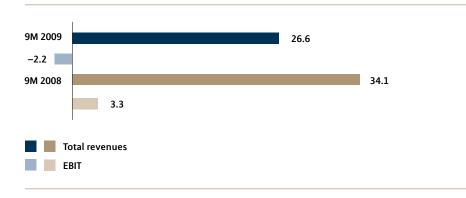


Feri segment

Total revenues in the Feri segment in the period under review amounted to \notin 26.6 million, corresponding to a fall of 22.0%. In view of the financial and economic crisis, clients remain very hesitant with respect to the investment of new monies in wealth management concepts. Furthermore, funds within existing portfolios are being invested more risk-adversely. Both factors have a negative effect on fees and thus on the total revenues in this segment.

Total expenses in the period under review amounted to \notin 28.8 million, corresponding to a fall of 6.5 % which was not as pronounced as the fall in total revenues. Particularly in the personnel expenses area, which accounts for around 66% of the total expenses, we were unable to achieve savings in tune with the development of the total revenues. Personnel expenses rose slightly by 2.7 % to \notin 19.1 million. This figure includes one-off expenses of \notin 0.7 million. On the other hand we were able to significantly reduce the scheduled depreciation and amortisation as well as the other operating expenses. The scheduled depreciation and amortisation fell by 10.0 % to \notin 1.8 million and the other operating expenses decreased by 23.1 % to \notin 7.0 million.

This led to earnings before interest and taxes (EBIT) of $\notin -2.2$ million ($\notin 3.3$ million). Together with the financial result amounting to $\notin -0.1$ million ($\notin 0.2$ million) we achieved earnings before taxes of $\notin -2.3$ million ($\notin 3.5$ million). The business development in the third quarter was similar to the overall period under review. Total revenues amounted to \notin 8.9 million (\notin 10.9 million). With total expenses of \notin 8.9 million (\notin 10.0 million) we achieved earnings before interest and taxes (EBIT) of \notin -0.03 million (\notin 0.8 million). The financial result remained almost unchanged at \notin -0.02 million (\notin -0.03 million) leading to earnings before taxes (EBT) of \notin -0.05 million (\notin 0.8 million).



Total revenues and EBIT Feri segment (in € million)

Holding segment

Total revenues in the Holding segment in the first nine months of the current financial year amounted to \notin 10.0 million, constituting a significant fall of 35.9%. The previous year's figures included a subsequent profit component from the sale of MLP Lebensversicherung AG in 2005 amounting to \notin 4.0 million.

With respect to the expenses we were able to considerably reduce both the personnel expenses as well as the scheduled depreciation and amortisation by 18.8% and 7.7% to \notin 2.6 million and \notin 2.4 million respectively. The other operating costs rose from \notin 11.2 million to \notin 12.1 million. This was mainly attributable to one-off expenses for capital market-relevant consulting services amounting to \notin 2.9 million in consequence of Swiss Life's stake in MLP.

Following earnings before interest and taxes (EBIT) in the previous year amounting to $\notin -1.4$ million we achieved a figure of only $\notin -7.1$ million in the period under review. The financial result in this segment improved significantly, rising by 81.0 % to $\notin 3.8$ million. This led to earnings before tax (EBT) of $\notin -3.3$ million ($\notin 0.7$ million).

In the third quarter 2009 total expenses in the Holding segment decreased by 20.0% to \notin 4.0 million. Total revenues came to \notin 3.2 million (\notin 3.6 million) and earnings before interest and taxes (EBIT) improved from \notin -1.4 million to \notin -0.8 million. The financial result also rose, climbing from \notin 0.3 million to \notin 1.2 million. Overall, this led to an improvement in earnings before taxes (EBT) from \notin -1.1 million to \notin 0.4 million.

Risk report

There were no significant changes in the risk situation of the Group during the period under review. Despite the continuing financial and economic crisis there were no exceptional burdens within the framework of our counterparty default risks, market price risks, liquidity risks, operational or other risks. The Group continues to have adequate liquid funds. At the reporting date of September 30, 2009 our core capital ratio of 21.2% far exceeded the required 8% prescribed by the supervisory body.

At the present time no existence-threatening risks to the MLP Group have been identified.

A detailed presentation of the corporate risks as well as a detailed description of our risk management is contained in our risk and disclosure report on pages 73 to 92 of the Annual Report 2008.

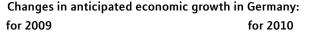
Related party disclosures

Related party disclosures are contained in the notes.

Outlook for the current financial year/forecast

Future macroeconomic situation

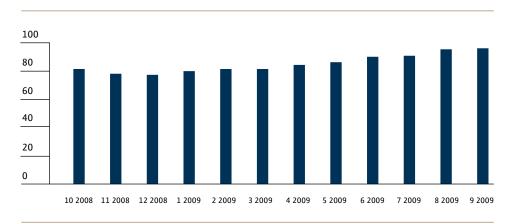
Following a period of stabilisation that was already apparent in the second quarter 2009, the state of the German economy improved slightly in the third quarter. Economic forecasts for Germany – MLP's core market – have been upgraded slightly in recent months. In its published Autumn projection, the German federal government is now only anticipating a decline in economic performance of -5.0% (previously -6.0%). For 2010 expectations are now for growth of 1.2%, compared with the previously predicted figure of 0.5%.





Forecast: German Federal Government

German companies are also anticipating an improvement in the future economic development in Germany. At the end of September the ifo (Institute for Economic Research) business climate index rose by 6 points compared to the end of the half-year and stood at 95.7.



Business expectations - ifo economy test

Source: ifo Institute for Economic Research

The stable price climate and income-supporting measures of the economic stimulus packages will continue to support private consumption. However, the effects of the manufacturing slowdown on the labour market are expected to become more pronounced in the fourth quarter and during next year. Experts anticipate a rise in the rate of unemployment from 8.0% at the end of September to 8.3% at the end of 2009. In 2010, the unemployment rate is expected to reach 9.5%.

Uncertainty will therefore remain concerning developments within the labour market and the level of incomes. For now, clients are thus likely to remain concerned and to postpone their long-term investment decisions. For MLP, the macroeconomic framework conditions will thus remain difficult.

Future situation within the industry and competition

For the entire financial services industry the financial and economic crisis will remain the determining factor for business development for the remainder of this year and far into next year. Almost all market participants are suffering from hesitancy on the part of clients concerning long-term investment decisions, particularly within the areas of old-age pension provision and wealth management. This reluctance in these core areas for MLP will continue to affect business development in the fourth quarter as well as in the next financial year. We do not expect this situation to change until there is a sustainable economic recovery.

Coalition agreement contains many important policy course decisions

The German coalition government agreement concluded in October between the CDU, CSU and FDP political parties for the new legislative period contains many important policy course decisions in fields of politics relevant to MLP. One of the positive aspects will be the abolition of the three-year lock-out period for a transfer to private health insurance that is expected to take effect in 2011. Furthermore, MLP welcomes other stated intentions such as the standardisation of the requirements for financial consultants, further strengthening of the capital-based old-age pension provision and the supplementation of statutory nursing care insurance through capital-based funding.

In view of our client and quality-oriented approach to financial consulting, a universal legal framework for the brokerage of financial services will assist us to continue to successfully promote ourselves vis-à-vis our competitors. The strengthening of private old-age pension provision, the increase in competition and self-responsibility in the healthcare system as well as the introduction of capital-based nursing care insurance will further increase the consultation requirements of our clients.

Anticipated business development

During the fourth quarter and the next financial year the financial and economic crisis will remain the determining factor for our business development. Although the economy in Germany has stabilised in the second and third quarters, the full year is still expected to show a 5 % decline in the gross national product. The situation within the labour market is expected to worsen in the fourth quarter and in 2010. Both of these factors are unsettling for our clients and lead to hesitancy and restraint, particularly in the areas of old-age pension provision and wealth management. The future development of our clients' demand and investment behaviour is therefore heavily burdened with uncertainty. In view of such circumstances we continue to refrain from giving a specific revenue and earnings forecast for the current financial year.

Traditionally, the fourth quarter, particularly the last few weeks of the year, significantly influence MLP's result for the full year. Despite the continuingly difficult business environment, MLP has been registering a pick-up in its year-end business since October. We currently anticipate that there will be a further pick-up over the coming weeks. At the same time we are continuing to benefit from our cost reduction measures and will achieve our savings objective. As previously announced, MLP will reduce its fixed costs by \notin 24 million to \notin 290 million by the end of 2009 and to \notin 280 million by the end of 2010. Overall, MLP's aim remains to develop better than the market.

Planned reduction of the fixed cost basis by € 34 million by the end of 2010



Opportunities

Compared to the start of the year our opportunities (see also Annual Report 2008, pages 104 to 106) resulting from the changes in the framework conditions have altered in two respects. As a substantial economic pick-up in Germany from the third quarter has failed to materialize, the degree of willingness on the part of our clients to invest in long-term old-age pension and wealth management concepts has not improved. The changes to the framework conditions for financial consultants and brokers, in old-age pension and health-care provision as well as for nursing care insurance (see section on "Coalition agreement contains many important policy course decisions", page 22) decided upon by the new government improve our opportunities with respect to the brokerage of corresponding financial products.

Changes to the corporate strategy, business performance and other opportunities have not occurred.

Events subsequent to the reporting date

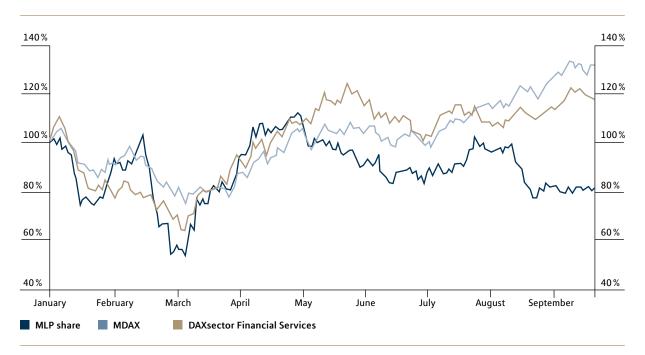
In the course of planned focus on its core market Germany, MLP took the decision during the fourth quarter of the financial year 2008 to sell MLP Finanzdienstleistungen AG, Vienna, Austria. In the third quarter 2009 MLP reached agreement in principle with Aragon AG regarding the sale of this business. The transaction was subject to approval by the cartel authority and the financial market supervisory body in Austria. The Austrian cartel authority has now granted approval for the transaction. Approval by the financial market supervisory body is still outstanding.

Beyond that there were no notable events after the balance sheet reference date that affected the MLP Group's net assets, financial position or profit situation.

Investor Relations

Development in the stock market

Following the weak start to the stock market year 2009 due to the financial and economic crisis, the stock markets advanced considerably in the period from April to June. This trend also continued in the third quarter. The Dow Jones Industrial Average rose by 7.5 % in the first nine months of the year. The DAX moved up by over 14 % and the MDAX, on which the MLP share is listed, recorded a gain of 28 %. The rise in German financial stocks was somewhat weaker. The DAXsector Financial Services increased by only 10 %.



MLP share, MDAX and DAXsector Financial Services in the first nine months 2009

Source: Deutsche Börse

The MLP share

Until the beginning of May the MLP share followed the general development on the stock markets. Both the downtrend until the end of the first quarter as well as the subsequent share price recovery moved in line with the overall indices. However from May the MLP share was unable to follow the continued upward direction of the markets. At the start of the year the share price stood at \notin 9.91 and then fell during the course of the first quarter to as low as \notin 5.25. The closing price on September 30, 2009 stood at \notin 7.93.

Key figures concerning the MLP share

| | 9 months 2009 | 2008 |
|--|---------------|-----------------|
| | | |
| Opening price | € 9.91 | € 10.74 |
| Highest price | € 10.98 | € 14.25 |
| Lowest price | € 5.25 | € 8.18 |
| Closing price | € 7.93 | € 9.80 |
| | | |
| Dividend for the previous year | € 0.28 | € 0.50 |
| | | |
| Market capitalisation (end of the period under review) | € 855,470,462 | € 1,057,039,182 |

Award for the Annual Report 2008

MLP was placed third in the MDAX category in this year's awards for the best Annual Report 2008 presented by "manager magazin". In the direct industry comparison we actually improved our standing by one place and achieved second position among the financial stocks. Each year, under the scientific guidance of Prof. Baetge, the "manager magazin" analyses the annual reports of the major German and European stock marketlisted companies and presents awards to those companies that best provide their investors with comprehensive and reliable information.

Consolidated income statement and statement of comprehensive income

| All figures in €'000 | Note | 3rd quarter 2009 | 3rd quarter 2008 * | 9 months 2009 | 9 months 2008 * |
|---|-----------|------------------|--------------------|---------------|-----------------|
| | | | | | |
| Revenues | (6) | 109,438 | 117,435 | 330,236 | 378,058 |
| Other revenues | | 4,473 | 6,377 | 15,068 | 28,003 |
| Total revenues | | 113,910 | 123,812 | 345,304 | 406,061 |
| Commission expenses | | -37,145 | -40,669 | -109,870 | -130,311 |
| Interest expenses | | -2,372 | -5,669 | -9,897 | -15,948 |
| Personnel expenses | (7) | -26,010 | -26,380 | -82,995 | -79,692 |
| Depreciation and amortisation | | -4,288 | -4,432 | -13,046 | -14,730 |
| Other operating expenses | (8) | -37,133 | -43,548 | -116,835 | -126,753 |
| Earnings from shares accounted for using the equi | ty method | 101 | 257 | 257 | 564 |
| Earnings before interest and taxes (EBIT) | | 7,064 | 3,371 | 12,919 | 39,191 |
| Other interest and similar income | | 2,131 | 1,453 | 6,719 | 3,790 |
| Other interest and similar expenses | | -1,100 | -1,583 | -7,778 | -12,803 |
| Finance cost | (9) | 1,031 | -130 | -1,059 | -9,013 |
| Earnings before taxes (EBT) | | 8,095 | 3,242 | 11,859 | 30,178 |
| Income taxes | | -2,986 | -1,827 | -6,895 | -11,337 |
| Earnings from continuing operations after ta | xes | 5,109 | 1,415 | 4,965 | 18,841 |
| Earnings from discontinued operations after | taxes | -388 | -943 | -6,408 | -4,066 |
| Net profit | | 4,721 | 472 | -1,443 | 14,775 |
| Net profit attributable to | | | | | |
| owners of the parent company | | 4,721 | 472 | -1,443 | 14,775 |
| | | | | | |
| Earnings per share in€** | | | | | |
| from continuing operations | | | | | |
| basic | | 0.05 | 0.01 | 0.05 | 0.19 |
| diluted*** | | 0.05 | 0.01 | 0.05 | 0.19 |
| from continuing and discontinued operations | 5 | | | | |
| basic | | 0.05 | 0.00 | -0.01 | 0.15 |
| diluted*** | | 0.05 | 0.01 | -0.01 | 0.15 |

Income statement for the period from January 1 to September 30, 2009

* Previous year's value adjusted. The adjustments are disclosed under note 3

** Basis of calculation: Average number of shares at September 30, 2009: 107,866,137, Potential shares (convertible debentures): 962,869

*** The ordinary shares resulting from the conversion of convertible debentures are treated as shares already issued

Consolidated income statement and statement of comprehensive income

Statement of comprehensive income for the period from January 1 to September 30, 2009

| All figures in €′000 | 3rd quarter 2009 | 3rd quarter 2008 * | 9 months 2009 | 9 months 2008 * |
|--|------------------|--------------------|---------------|-----------------|
| | | | | |
| Net profit | 4,721 | 472 | -1,443 | 14,775 |
| Other comprehensive income | | | | |
| Securities marked to market | -481 | -1,305 | -1,455 | -2,196 |
| Income tax relating to components of other | | | | |
| comprehensive income | -31 | 192 | -73 | 257 |
| Other comprehensive income, net of tax | -512 | -1,113 | -1,528 | -1,939 |
| Total comprehensive income for the year | 4,209 | -641 | -2,971 | 12,837 |
| Total comprehensive income attributable to | | | | |
| owners of the parent company | 4,209 | -641 | -2,971 | 12,837 |

* Previous year's value adjusted. The adjustments are disclosed under note 3

Consolidated balance sheet

Assets as at September 30, 2009

| All figures in €'000 | Note | September 30, 2009 | December 31, 2008 |
|--|------|--------------------|-------------------|
| | | | |
| Intangible assets | | 171,085 | 162,422 |
| Property, plant and equipment | | 80,924 | 80,409 |
| Investment property | | 11,499 | 11,700 |
| Shares accounted for using the equity method | | 1,902 | 2,319 |
| Deferred tax assets | | 2,519 | 1,326 |
| Receivables from clients from the banking business | | 303,240 | 275,433 |
| Receivables from banks from the banking business | (10) | 454,075 | 605,580 |
| Financial investments | (11) | 201,379 | 179,941 |
| Tax refund claims | | 41,709 | 26,870 |
| Other receivables and other assets | (12) | 88,527 | 147,051 |
| Cash and cash equivalents | | 53,767 | 38,088 |
| Non-current assets held for sale and disposal groups | (13) | 2,620 | 3,281 |
| Total | | 1,413,245 | 1,534,418 |

Liabilities and shareholders' equity as at September 30, 2009

| All figures in €′000 | Note | September 30, 2009 | December 31, 2008 |
|---|------|--------------------|-------------------|
| | | | |
| Equity | (14) | 396,070 | 429,125 |
| Provisions | | 53,670 | 52,896 |
| Deferred tax liabilities | | 9,683 | 9,597 |
| Liabilities towards clients from the banking business | | 740,615 | 778,835 |
| Liabilities towards banks from the banking business | | 25,050 | 25,024 |
| Tax liabilities | | 12,308 | - |
| Other liabilities | (12) | 172,424 | 236,361 |
| Liabilities in connection with non-current assets held for sale | | | |
| and disposal groups | | 3,423 | 2,581 |
| Total | | 1,413,245 | 1,534,418 |

Consolidated cash flow statement

Consolidated cash flow statement for the period from January 1 to September 30, 2009

| All figures in €′000 | 9 months 2009 | 9 months 2008 |
|---|-----------------------------------|-------------------------------------|
| | | |
| Cashflow from operating activities | 79,656 | 66,238 |
| Cashflow from investing activities | 34,185 | -142,201 |
| Cashflow from financing activities | -31,047 | 63,928 |
| Changes in cash and cash equivalents | 82,794 | -12,035 |
| Changes in cash and cash equivalents due to exchange rate movements | - | - |
| | | |
| Cash and cash equivalents at the end of the period Thereof discontinued operations | 121,241 | 25,141 |
| | 9 months 2009 | 25,141 9 months 2008' |
| Thereof discontinued operations | | |
| Thereof discontinued operations All figures in €'000 | | |
| Thereof discontinued operations All figures in €'000 Cashflow from operating activities | 9 months 2009 | 9 months 2008 |
| Thereof discontinued operations All figures in €'000 Cashflow from operating activities Cashflow from investing activities | 9 months 2009 212 | 9 months 2008 312 |
| Thereof discontinued operations All figures in €'000 Cashflow from operating activities Cashflow from investing activities Cashflow from financing activities | 9 months 2009 212 -107 | 9 months 2008 312 |
| Thereof discontinued operations | 9 months 2009 212 -107 - | 9 months 2008 312 -8,127 - |

Consolidated cash flow statement for the period from July 1 to September 30, 2009

| All figures in €'000 | 3rd quarter 2009 | 3rd quarter 2008 |
|---|------------------|------------------|
| | | |
| Cashflow from operating activities | 13,756 | -17,595 |
| Cashflow from investing activities | -26,425 | -113,288 |
| Cashflow from financing activities | -819 | 124,376 |
| Changes in cash and cash equivalents | -13,488 | -6,507 |
| Changes in cash and cash equivalents due to exchange rate movements | - | - |
| Cash and cash equivalents at the end of the period | 121,241 | 25,141 |

| All figures in €'000 | 3rd quarter 2009 | 3rd quarter 2008* |
|---|------------------|-------------------|
| | | |
| Cashflow from operating activities | -168 | -480 |
| Cashflow from investing activities | -46 | -254 |
| Cashflow from financing activities | - | - |
| Changes in cash and cash equivalents | -214 | -734 |
| Changes in cash and cash equivalents due to exchange rate movements | - | - |
| Cash and cash equivalents at the end of the period | 562 | 417 |

* Previous year's value adjusted. The adjustments are disclosed under note 3

Statement of changes in equity

| All figures in €′000 | | | | ibutable to areholders | | | Non- control- ling | Total share- holders' |
|----------------------------------|------------------|---------------------|-----------------------------------|---------------------------------------|-------------------|---------|--------------------------|-----------------------------|
| | Share capital | Capital reserves | Securities marked to market | Other compre- hensive income | Treasury stock | Total | 5 | equity |
| As at January 1, 2008 | 108,812 | 16,056 | -151 | 370,749 | -155,805 | 339,660 | 63 | 339,723 |
| Dividend | - | - | - | -48,996 | - | -48,996 | - | -48,996 |
| Exertion of conversion rights | 65 | 1,202 | - | - | - | 1,267 | - | 1,267 |
| Acquisition of treasury stock | - | - | - | - | -11,455 | -11,455 | _ | -11,455 |
| Reduction of capital – | | | | | | | | |
| § 237 AktG | -10,821 | 10,821 | - | -167,260 | 167,260 | 0 | | 0 |
| Acquisition of remaining shares | | | | | | | | |
| of BERAG | | - | - | - | - | _ | -63 | -63 |
| Increase of capital – § 202 AktG | 9,799 | 113,964 | - | - | - | 123,763 | | 123,763 |
| Transactions with owners | -957 | 125,987 | - | -216,256 | 155,805 | 64,579 | -63 | 64,516 |
| Total comprehensive income | | - | -1,939 | 14,775 | - | 12,837 | | 12,837 |
| As at September 30, 2008 | 107,856 | 142,043 | -2,089 | 169,268 | 0 | 417,077 | 0 | 417,077 |
| As at January 1, 2009 | 107,861 | 142,084 | -97 | 179,278 | _ | 429,125 | | 429,125 |
| Dividend | _ | - | _ | -30,201 | _ | -30,201 | | -30,201 |
| Exertion of conversion rights | 17 | 100 | _ | _ | _ | 117 | _ | 117 |
| Transactions with owners | 17 | 100 | - | -30,201 | _ | -30,084 | - | -30,084 |
| Total comprehensive income | _ | _ | -1,528 | -1,443 | _ | -2,971 | _ | -2,971 |
| As at September 30, 2009 | 107,878 | 142,184 | -1,625 | 147,634 | _ | 396,070 | _ | 396,070 |

Notes to the consolidated financial statements

Segment reporting (quarterly comparison)

| All figures in €'000 | | Financial services | | | |
|--|------------------|--------------------|---|--|--|
| | 3rd quarter 2009 | 3rd quarter 2008* | | | |
| | | | | | |
| Revenues | 101,691 | 109,271 | | | |
| of which with other segments | 32 | 69 | | | |
| Other revenues | 3,699 | 3,686 | | | |
| of which with other segments | 636 | 591 | | | |
| Total revenues | 105,390 | 112,957 | | | |
| Commission expenses | -36,970 | -40,490 | | | |
| Interest expenses | -2,372 | -5,946 | | | |
| Personnel expenses | -19,101 | -19,290 | | | |
| Depreciation and amortisation | -2,867 | -2,884 | | | |
| Other operating expenses | -36,348 | -40,978 | | | |
| Earnings from shares accounted for using the equity method | 101 | 257 | | | |
| Segment earnings before interest and taxes (EBIT) | 7,833 | 3,626 | | | |
| Other interest and similar income | 97 | 129 | | | |
| Other interest and similar expenses | -243 | -263 | | | |
| Finance cost | -146 | -134 | | | |
| Earnings before taxes (EBT) | 7,688 | 3,492 | | | |
| Income taxes | - | - | | | |
| Earnings from continuing operations after taxes | - | - | | | |
| Earnings from discontinued operations after taxes | -1,151 | -593 | | | |
| Net profit | - | - | | | |
| | | | 4 | | |

 * Previous year's value adjusted. The adjustments are disclosed under note 3

| Feri | | Holding | | Consolidation/Other | | Total | | |
|------|------------------|------------------|------------------|---------------------|------------------|-------------------|------------------|-------------------|
| | 3rd quarter 2009 | 3rd quarter 2008 | 3rd quarter 2009 | 3rd quarter 2008 | 3rd quarter 2009 | 3rd quarter 2008* | 3rd quarter 2009 | 3rd quarter 2008* |
| | | | | | | | | |
| | 7,778 | 8,233 | - | - | -32 | -69 | 109,438 | 117,435 |
| | - | - | - | - | -32 | -69 | - | - |
| | 1,086 | 2,655 | 3,169 | 3,590 | -3,481 | -3,553 | 4,473 | 6,377 |
| | - | - | 2,845 | 2,963 | -3,481 | -3,553 | - | - |
| | 8,864 | 10,887 | 3,169 | 3,590 | -3,513 | -3,622 | 113,910 | 123,812 |
| | -134 | -256 | - | - | -42 | 77 | -37,145 | -40,669 |
| | - | - | - | - | 1 | 278 | -2,372 | -5,669 |
| | -6,017 | -6,226 | -892 | -864 | - | - | -26,010 | -26,380 |
| | -608 | -686 | -813 | -863 | - | - | -4,288 | -4,432 |
| | -2,138 | -2,875 | -2,262 | -3,261 | 3,615 | 3,567 | -37,133 | -43,548 |
| | - | - | - | - | - | - | 101 | 257 |
| | -33 | 844 | -798 | -1,398 | 61 | 299 | 7,064 | 3,371 |
| | 0 | 9 | 2,038 | 1,634 | -4 | -319 | 2,131 | 1,453 |
| | -19 | -39 | -841 | -1,322 | 3 | 41 | -1,100 | -1,583 |
| | -19 | -30 | 1,196 | 312 | -1 | -278 | 1,031 | -130 |
| | -52 | 814 | 399 | -1,086 | 60 | 21 | 8,095 | 3,242 |
| | - | - | - | - | - | - | -2,986 | -1,827 |
| | - | - | - | - | - | - | 5,109 | 1,415 |
| | - | - | - | - | 764 | -350 | -388 | -943 |
| | - | - | - | - | - | - | 4,721 | 472 |

Segment reporting (half year comparison)

| All figures in €′000 | l figures in €'000 Financial services | | | | | |
|--|---------------------------------------|----------------|--|--|--|--|
| | 9 months 2009 | 9 months 2008* | | | | |
| | | | | | | |
| Revenues | 307,888 | 352,075 | | | | |
| of which with other segments | 114 | 88 | | | | |
| Other revenues | 11,506 | 15,457 | | | | |
| of which with other segments | 1,879 | 1,823 | | | | |
| Total revenues | 319,394 | 367,532 | | | | |
| Commission expenses | -109,069 | -129,337 | | | | |
| Interest expenses | -9,899 | -16,226 | | | | |
| Personnel expenses | -61,332 | -57,917 | | | | |
| Depreciation and amortisation | -8,765 | -10,092 | | | | |
| Other operating expenses | -108,372 | -117,550 | | | | |
| Earnings from shares accounted for using the equity method | 257 | 564 | | | | |
| Segment earnings before interest and taxes (EBIT) | 22,213 | 36,974 | | | | |
| Other interest and similar income | 774 | 307 | | | | |
| Other interest and similar expenses | -2,486 | -1,100 | | | | |
| Finance cost | -1,712 | -793 | | | | |
| Earnings before taxes (EBT) | 20,501 | 36,181 | | | | |
| Income taxes | - | - | | | | |
| Earnings from continuing operations after taxes | - | - | | | | |
| Earnings from discontinued operations after taxes | -8,395 | -4,746 | | | | |
| Net profit | - | - | | | | |

| | Sep 30, 2009 | Dec 31, 2008 | |
|----------------|--------------|--------------|--|
| | | | |
| Segment assets | 1,027,747 | 1,157,796 | |

* Previous year's value adjusted. The adjustments are disclosed under note 3

| | Feri | | Holding | | Consolidation/Other | | Total | |
|-----|------------|---------------|---------------|---------------|---------------------|----------------|---------------|----------------|
| 9 m | onths 2009 | 9 months 2008 | 9 months 2009 | 9 months 2008 | 9 months 2009 | 9 months 2008* | 9 months 2009 | 9 months 2008* |
| | | | | | | | | |
| | 22,583 | 26,427 | - | - | -235 | -444 | 330,236 | 378,058 |
| | 122 | 355 | - | - | -235 | -444 | - | - |
| | 4,028 | 7,668 | 9,979 | 15,575 | -10,445 | -10,698 | 15,068 | 28,003 |
| | - | 83 | 8,566 | 8,792 | -10,445 | -10,698 | - | - |
| | 26,611 | 34,095 | 9,979 | 15,575 | -10,680 | -11,142 | 345,304 | 406,061 |
| | -843 | -1,050 | - | - | 43 | 77 | -109,870 | -130,311 |
| | - | - | - | - | 3 | 278 | -9,897 | -15,948 |
| | -19,109 | -18,569 | -2,554 | -3,206 | - | - | -82,995 | -79,692 |
| | -1,836 | -2,045 | -2,445 | -2,593 | - | - | -13,046 | -14,730 |
| | -7,038 | -9,140 | -12,073 | -11,187 | 10,648 | 11,124 | -116,835 | -126,753 |
| | - | - | - | - | - | - | 257 | 564 |
| | -2,215 | 3,290 | -7,092 | -1.411 | 13 | 337 | 12,919 | 39,191 |
| | 18 | 279 | 9,355 | 14,226 | -3,428 | -11,022 | 6,719 | 3,790 |
| | -98 | -106 | -5,533 | -12,135 | 338 | 538 | -7,778 | -12,803 |
| | -80 | 173 | 3,822 | 2,090 | -3,090 | -10,483 | -1,059 | -9,013 |
| | -2,295 | 3,464 | -3,271 | 680 | -3,076 | -10,146 | 11,859 | 30,178 |
| | - | _ | - | - | - | - | -6,895 | -11,337 |
| | - | - | - | - | - | - | 4,965 | 18,841 |
| | - | - | - | - | 1,987 | 680 | -6,408 | -4,066 |
| | - | _ | - | - | - | _ | -1,443 | 14,775 |

| Sep 30, 2009 | Dec 31, 2008 |
|--------------|--------------|--------------|--------------|--------------|--------------|--------------|--------------|
| | | | | | | | |
| 103,530 | 110,920 | 488,611 | 517,416 | -206,644 | -251,714 | 1,413,245 | 1,534,418 |

General information

(1) Information about the company

The consolidated financial statements were prepared by MLP AG, Wiesloch, Germany, the parent company of the MLP Group. MLP AG is listed in the Mannheim Commercial Register under the number HRB 332697 at the address Alte Heerstraße 40, 69168 Wiesloch, Germany.

Since it was founded in 1971, MLP has been operating as a broker and adviser for academics and other discerning clients in the fields of old-age provision including corporate pension business, healthcare, financing, wealth management and banking services.

(2) Principles governing the preparation of the financial statements

The interim financial report has been prepared in line with the regulations set out in IAS 34 "Interim financial reporting". It is based on the International Financial Reporting Standards (IFRS) of the International Accounting Standards Board (IASB) as well as the interpretations of the International Financial Reporting Interpretation Committee (IFRIC), as applicable within the European Union (EU). In accordance with the provisions of IAS 34, the scope of the report has been reduced compared to the consolidated financial statements at December 31, 2008.

Apart from the exception detailed in note 3, the same consolidation principles and accounting policies as for the consolidated financial statements of the financial year 2008 have been applied to this interim financial report. These are presented in the Group notes of the annual report 2008 that can be downloaded from the company's website (www.mlp.de).

The interim financial report has been drawn up in euros (\in), the functional currency of MLP AG. Unless the notes state otherwise, all amounts are rounded to the nearest thousand euros (\in 'ooo). Both single and cumulative figures are values with the smallest rounding difference. As a result, differences to reported total amounts may arise when the individual values are added up.

(3) Adjustments to the accounting policies

The accounting policies applied are the same as those used in the financial year 2008, with the following exceptions:

In view of further concentration on its core market Germany, in the fourth quarter of the financial year 2008 the management devised to sell MLP Finanzdienstleistungen AG, Vienna, Austria. In the third quarter 2009, MLP reached agreement in principle regarding the sale of its business unit in Austria to Aragon AG. The transaction is subject to the approval by the cartel authorities as well as the financial market supervisory authorities in Austria. Beyond this the decision to close the dependent branch in the Netherlands was taken in the second quarter 2009.

For this reason the revenues and expenses of MLP Finanzdienstleistungen AG, Vienna, Austria, and the branch of MLP Finanzdienstleistungen AG in the Netherlands were reclassified to the earnings from discontinued operations. The previous year's figures were adjusted accordingly. The reporting changes have no effect on net profit or earnings per share.

The table below illustrates the effects of the changes in the accounting policies on the previous year's figures:

| All figures in €'000 | 9 months 2008 adjusted | 9 months 2008 as reported | IFRS 5 |
|--|---------------------------|------------------------------|--------|
| | | | |
| Revenues | 378,058 | 385,501 | -7,443 |
| Other revenues | 28,003 | 28,269 | -267 |
| Total revenues | 406,061 | 413,770 | -7,709 |
| Commission expenses | -130,311 | -133,280 | 2,969 |
| Interest expenses | -15,948 | -15,948 | - |
| Personnel expenses | -79,692 | -85,322 | 5,630 |
| Depreciation and amortisation | -14,730 | -14,886 | 156 |
| Other operating expenses | -126,753 | -129,427 | 2,674 |
| Earnings from shares accounted for using the equity method | 564 | 564 | - |
| Earnings before interest and taxes (EBIT) | 39,191 | 35,471 | 3,720 |
| Other interest and similar income | 3,790 | 3,802 | -12 |
| Other interest and similar expenses | -12,803 | -12,803 | 0 |
| Finance cost | -9,013 | -9,001 | -12 |
| Earnings before taxes (EBT) | 30,178 | 26,470 | 3,708 |
| Income taxes | -11,337 | -11,340 | 3 |
| Earnings from continuing operations | 18,841 | 15,130 | 3,711 |
| Earnings from discontinued operations | -4,066 | -355 | -3,711 |
| Net profit | 14,775 | 14,775 | _ |
| Earnings per share in€ | | | |
| from continuing operations | | | |
| basic | 0.19 | 0.15 | |
| diluted | 0.19 | 0.15 | |
| from continuing and discontinued operations | | | |
| basic | 0.15 | 0.15 | |
| diluted | 0.15 | 0.15 | |

In the financial year 2009, the revised IAS 1 "Presentation of Financial Statements" is to be used for the first time. IAS 1 (revised) extends the profit and loss account to include a transition of profit/loss to the overall net earnings with reporting of the components of the other earnings (statement of comprehensive income). This also changes the presentation of the statement of changes in equity. In the statement of changes in equity, transactions with owners are shown separately. Profit/Loss and other earnings are apportioned to the individual equity capital components. The previous year's figures were adjusted accordingly. Neither net profit nor earnings per share have changed as a result of this changed presentation.

Furthermore, in the financial year 2009 the following new or revised standards are to be used for the first time:

- IFRS 3 and IAS 27 "Business combinations Phase II",
- IAS 39 "Financial Instruments Recognition and Measurements Eligible Hedged Items",
- IAS 39 "Reclassification of Financial Assets: Effective Date and Transition",
- IFRIC 12 "Service concession arrangements",
- IFRIC 15 "Agreements for the construction of real estate",
- IFRIC 16 "Hedges of a net investment in a foreign operation".

The first-time use of these standards was not relevant for MLP at September 30, 2009.

(4) Business combination

In order to strengthen its market position among medics, MLP purchased all company shares in ZSH Vermittlung von Versicherungen und Vermögensanlagen Verwaltungs GmbH, Heidelberg, and all limited partners' shares in ZSH Vermittlung von Versicherungen und Vermögensanlagen GmbH & Co KG, Heidelberg ("ZSH-Group") on February 4, 2009.

The object of ZSH-Group is the administration and brokerage of all types of insurance policies and investments, real estate and loans as well as the provision of other services economically related to the aforementioned objects.

The provisional purchase price for the acquisition amounts to \notin 11,723 thsd and will be paid from liquid assets. At the time of preparation of the interim consolidated financial statements the purchase price allocation from this acquisition had not been concluded. The provisional differential amount which results from the difference between the anticipated purchase costs of the company acquisition and the provisional fair value of assets, liabilities and contingent liabilities identified so far amounts to \notin 14,004 thsd. It is shown as goodwill. See below for the calculation of the provisional goodwill.

Acquired net assets

| All figures in €'000 | Carrying amount before purchase | Adjustment | Fair value |
|---|---------------------------------|------------|------------|
| | | | |
| Intangible assets | 475 | - | 475 |
| Property, plant and equipment | 4,809 | _ | 4,809 |
| Financial investments | 123 | - | 123 |
| Other receivables and | | | |
| other assets | 3,391 | - | 3,391 |
| Cash and cash equivalents | 1,738 | - | 1,738 |
| Provisions | -1,499 | _ | -1,499 |
| Liabilities | -9,895 | - | -9,895 |
| Net assets | -859 | - | -859 |
| Pro rata net assets | | 100% | -859 |
| Goodwill | | | 14,004 |
| Purchase price | | | 11,723 |
| Incidental acquisition expenses | | | 1,422 |
| Acquisition costs | | | 13,145 |
| Cash outflow to date due to the acquisition | | | 11,381 |

The ZSH-Group contributed $\notin -1,652$ thsd to nine months result. If the business merger had taken place at the beginning of the year, the net profit would have been $\notin -1,296$ thsd and the revenues from continuing operations for the first nine months of 2009 would have totalled $\notin 331,696$ thsd.

(5) Seasonal influences on the business operations

The financial crisis and the associated fears of recession remain the determining negative factors for client demand for professional financial consulting services. Due to seasonal influences on its business operations, the Group nevertheless anticipates a higher level of net profit from continuing operations in the fourth quarter than was achieved in the previous quarters.

(6) Revenues

| All figures in €'000 | 3rd quarter 2009 | 3rd quarter 2008 | 9 months 2009 | 9 months 2009 |
|----------------------------|------------------|------------------|---------------|---------------|
| | | | | |
| Old-age provision | 65,066 | 70,847 | 188,019 | 221,476 |
| Wealth management | 18,682 | 19,423 | 51,751 | 60,904 |
| Health insurance | 10,362 | 10,228 | 33,149 | 33,040 |
| Non-life insurance | 3,493 | 2,818 | 22,164 | 21,614 |
| Loans and mortgages | 3,463 | 2,543 | 7,960 | 8,300 |
| Other commissions and fees | 929 | 840 | 2,426 | 2,577 |
| Commission and fees | 101,994 | 106,697 | 305,468 | 347,911 |
| Interest income | 7,443 | 10,737 | 24,768 | 30,147 |
| Total | 109,438 | 117,435 | 330,236 | 378,058 |

(7) Personnel expenses/number of employees

Personnel expenses increased from \notin 79,692 thsd to \notin 82,995 thsd. The increase is primarily due to the acquisition of ZSH-Group and to one-off restructuring expenses amounting to \notin 1,487 thsd.

At September 30, 2009, the MLP Group had the following numbers of employees in the strategic fields of business:

| | September 30, 2009 | of which part-time employees | September 30, 2008 | of which part-time employees |
|--------------------|--------------------|------------------------------------|--------------------|------------------------------------|
| Financial services | 1,513 | 188 | 1,767 | 443 |
| Feri | 265 | 66 | 253 | 53 |
| Holding | 11 | 1 | 10 | 1 |
| Total | 1,789 | 255 | 2,030 | 497 |

The number of employees in the financial services segment includes 58 employees of ZSH-Group.

(8) Other operating expenses

| All figures in €′000 | 3rd quarter 2009 | 3rd quarter 2008 | 9 months 2009 | 9 months 2008 |
|---|------------------|------------------|---------------|---------------|
| | | | | |
| IT costs | 12,120 | 12,270 | 34,766 | 33,598 |
| Cost of premises | 5,812 | 5,831 | 17,202 | 16,657 |
| Audit and consultancy costs | 1,306 | 3,010 | 8,781 | 10,037 |
| Training and seminars | 1,456 | 3,711 | 6,646 | 10,037 |
| Communication requirements | 2,591 | 2,042 | 6,196 | 7,273 |
| Banking-related expenses | 1,959 | 2,122 | 6,129 | 6,104 |
| Allowances for bad debts | 2,666 | 1,918 | 5,917 | 5,593 |
| Advertising expenses | 1,696 | 1,960 | 5,759 | 6,543 |
| Rental and leasing | 1,368 | 1,258 | 4,084 | 3,737 |
| Representation and entertainment expenses | 902 | 2,041 | 3,618 | 5,223 |
| Expenses for consultants and branch office managers | 979 | 1,147 | 2,669 | 4,011 |
| Insurances | 476 | 492 | 1,896 | 1,938 |
| Premiums and fees | 608 | 255 | 1,516 | 1,009 |
| Office supplies | 435 | 620 | 1,448 | 2,168 |
| Travel expenses | 488 | 652 | 1,416 | 1,920 |
| Vehicle costs | 357 | 400 | 1,121 | 1,021 |
| Other personnel costs | 232 | 487 | 877 | 1,538 |
| Expenses for corporate communications | 196 | 408 | 691 | 1,198 |
| Losses on the disposal of intangible assets and | | | | |
| property, plant and equipment | 30 | 21 | 289 | 97 |
| Currency translation expenses | -10 | 56 | 41 | 251 |
| Share-based payment (convertible debentures) | - | 111 | _ | 513 |
| Sundry other operating expenses | 1,466 | 2,735 | 5,773 | 6,286 |
| Total | 37,133 | 43,548 | 116,835 | 126,753 |

The increase in IT costs is primarily due to higher computer centre and consulting expenses in connection with the provision of an expanded spectrum of services as well as the optimization of applications. The audit and consultancy costs include one-off expenses in connection with the stake held by Swiss Life amounting to \notin 2.9 million. Expenses for training and seminars were reduced due to the implementation of cost-saving measures within the sales area. Reductions in expenses for training and seminars as well as for representation and entertainment were achieved due to the implementation of savings measures in the sales area. The decrease in advertising expenditure is attributable to less advertising as well as to reduced sponsoring and cooperation engagements. The sundry other operational expenses mainly comprise external services, repairs and maintenance costs, donations, gestures of goodwill as well as other taxes.

| All figures in €′000 | 3rd quarter 2009 | 3rd quarter 2008 | 9 months 2009 | 9 months 2008 |
|---|------------------|------------------|---------------|---------------|
| | | | | |
| Other interest and similar income | 2,131 | 1,453 | 6,719 | 3,790 |
| Interest from financial instruments | -926 | -1,297 | -7,262 | -12,178 |
| Accrued interest on pension provisions | -147 | -144 | -440 | -431 |
| Losses on the disposal of financial investments | -27 | -142 | -76 | -193 |
| Other interest and similar expenses | -1,100 | -1,583 | -7,778 | -12,803 |
| Finance cost | 1,031 | -130 | -1,059 | -9,013 |

(9) Finance cost

The increase in other interest and similar income results from the interest on the higher volume of cash funds, revenues from the sale of securities and from interest on tax credits due to the tax audit for the years 2002 to 2006. The decrease in other interest and similar expenses is mainly attributable to dividend payments to the other shareholders of Feri Finance AG amounting to $\in 2,368$ thsd (previous year: $\in 7,830$ thsd) as well as to falling interest from the purchase price liability for Feri Finance AG.

(10) Receivables from banks from the banking business

The reduction in receivables from banks which fell from \in 605,580 thsd to \in 454,075 thsd is mainly attributable to the profit transfer payment by MLP Finanzdienstleistungen AG to MLP AG which is now shown as cash and cash equivalents and financial investments, to the fall in investments due to lower client deposits and to the purchase of new securities.

| All figures in €'000 | September 30, 2009 | December 31, 2008 |
|--|--------------------|-------------------|
| | | |
| Available for sale | | |
| Debt securities and holdings in investment funds | 41,386 | 47,885 |
| Investments | 4,398 | 4,227 |
| Held-to-maturity securities | 45,482 | 22,828 |
| Loans and receivables | 110,113 | 105,002 |
| Total | 201,379 | 179,941 |

(11) Financial investments

The rise in financial investments mainly results from the addition of new securities.

(12) Other receivables and other assets/other liabilities

Due to the seasonally stronger year-end business, high receivables from insurance companies as well as high liabilities towards commercial agents at December 31, 2008 had to be disclosed. They were then balanced out in the first quarter of 2009. A lower amount of receivables and liabilities were built up in the third quarter of 2009.

(13) Non-current assets held for sale and disposal groups

This balance sheet item includes the discontinued operations of MLP Finanzdienstleistungen AG, Vienna, Austria and of the branch of MLP Finanzdienstleistungen AG in the Netherlands. The holdings in investment funds included and held for sale per December 31, 2008 were to be reclassified to the balance sheet item "Financial investments". Due to the financial crisis the originally anticipated sale of the investment fund holdings could not be realised within the twelve-month period stipulated by IFRS 5.

(14) Shareholders' equity

Share capital

The share capital consists of 107,877,738 (December 31, 2008: 107,861,141) no-par-value shares in MLP AG. In the first 9 months 2009, 16,597 new shares were issued through the exercising of rights conversion. In total, so far 258,665 new shares have been issued through issued convertible debentures.

Dividend

In accordance with the resolution passed at the Annual General Meeting on June 16, 2009, a dividend of \notin 0.28 per share was to be paid for the financial year 2008. For the financial year 2007 MLP AG distributed a dividend amounting to \notin 0.50 per share in the second quarter of 2008.

(15) Discontinued operations

In view of further concentration on its core market Germany, in the fourth quarter of the financial year 2008 the management devised to sell MLP Finanzdienstleistungen AG, Vienna, Austria. In the third quarter 2009 MLP reached agreement in principle concerning the sale of its business unit in Austria to Aragon AG. The transaction is subject to the approval by the cartel authorities as well as by the financial market supervisory authorities in Austria. In the second quarter 2009 the decision was taken to close the dependent branch in the Netherlands.

The revenues and expenses from these and earlier discontinued operations are illustrated below:

| All figures in €'000 | 3rd quarter 2009 | 3rd quarter2008 | 9 months 2009 | 9 months 2008 |
|---|------------------|-----------------|---------------|---------------|
| | | | | |
| Revenues | 1,602 | 2,484 | 4,913 | 7,443 |
| Other revenues | 25 | 148 | 151 | 267 |
| Total revenues | 1,626 | 2,631 | 5,064 | 7,709 |
| Commission expenses | -440 | -895 | -1,967 | -2,969 |
| Personnel expenses | -1,331 | -1,291 | -4,249 | -5,630 |
| Depreciation and amortisation | - | -48 | -3 | -156 |
| Other operating expenses | -431 | -993 | -2,767 | -2,674 |
| Earnings before interest and taxes (EBIT) | -576 | -596 | -3,922 | -3,720 |
| Other interest and similar income | 1 | 4 | 8 | 12 |
| Other interest and similar expenses | 0 | 0 | -1 | 0 |
| Finance cost | 1 | 4 | 7 | 12 |
| Earnings before taxes (EBT) | -575 | -593 | -3,915 | -3,708 |
| Income taxes | -125 | -1 | -41 | -3 |
| Operating result | -700 | -593 | -3,956 | -3,711 |
| Earnings from the sale/closure before taxes | 300 | -380 | -1,020 | -488 |
| Income taxes | 12 | 30 | -1,431 | 133 |
| Earnings from the sale/closure after taxes | 312 | -349 | -2,452 | -355 |
| Earnings from discontinued operations after taxes | -388 | -943 | -6,408 | -4,066 |
| | | | | |
| Earnings per share in € | | | | |
| from discontinued operations | | | | |
| basic | 0.00 | -0.01 | -0.06 | -0.04 |
| diluted | 0.00 | -0.01 | -0.06 | -0.04 |

Income statement for discontinued operations

The operative results in 2008 and 2009 contain solely the expenses and revenues of the foreign subsidiary in Austria and the branch in the Netherlands. Earnings from sale/closure before taxes in the first nine months 2009 include not only a figure of \notin -3,101 thsd in connection with the sale or closure of the subsidiary in Austria and the branch in the Netherlands, but also subsequent expenses and income from previous discontinued operations amounting to \notin 2,081 thsd.

Income taxes

Within the framework of the tax audits for the years 2002 to 2006, findings were made, due to which \notin 1,455 thsd had to be recorded as liability. These amounts are associated with the discontinued foreign activities.

(16) Notes on the consolidated cash flow statement

Cash and cash equivalents with a term to maturity of not more than three months are recorded under cash and cash equivalents. Cash equivalents are short-term financial investments which can be converted into cash at any time and which are only subject to minor value fluctuation risks.

| All figures in €'000 | September 30, 2009 | September 30, 2008 |
|--|--------------------|--------------------|
| | | |
| Cash and cash equivalents | 53,767 | 25,806 |
| Cash and cash equivalents, contained in | | |
| non-current assets held for sale and disposal groups | 562 | - |
| Restraints | - | -17 |
| Other investments < 3 months | 70,000 | 146 |
| Liabilities to banks due on demand | -3,088 | -794 |
| Cash and cash equivalents | 121,241 | 25,141 |

The receivables from financial institutions of MLP Finanzdienstleistungen AG are not included in cash and cash equivalents as they are to be attributed to the current business activities of the banking business segment (formerly: MLP Bank AG).

In the current financial year the cash flow from investment activity is primarily influenced by maturing fixed-term money deposits that were invested with a remaining term of over 3 months and are in connection with the capital increase during the previous financial year. The change of cash flow of financing activities is also mainly influenced by the capital increase during the previous financial year. For more information we refer to the management report.

(17) Notes on Group reporting by segment

In the financial year 2009 the operating segment financial services was expanded due to the addition of ZSH-Group which was acquired on February 4. In addition, the expenses and revenues associated with the branch of MLP Finanzdienstleistungen AG in the Netherlands were reclassified to discontinued operations.

The change in segment assets is influenced by the acquisition of ZSH-Group and the profit transfer from MLP Finanzdienstleistungen AG.

Beyond this there were no significant changes compared to December 31, 2008.

(18) Other financial commitments, contingent assets and liabilities and other liabilities

Within the framework of the tax audit for the years 2002 to 2006, findings were made that could potentially lead to income tax back-payments. MLP assumes a high degree of probability that payments for items amounting to 8.5 million will not have to be made and will take legal steps in this respect if necessary.

Beyond this there were no significant changes compared to December 31, 2008.

(19) Related party disclosures

Compared to December 31, 2008 there were no significant changes in the relationships and no significant business with related companies and persons.

(20) Events subsequent to the reporting reference date

The cartel authorities in Austria have now approved the transaction between MLP and Aragon AG. Approval by the financial market supervisory authorities in Austria is still outstanding.

Beyond this there were no notable events after the balance sheet date which may affect the MLP Group's net assets, financial position or results of operations.

Wiesloch, November 10, 2009 MLP AG

Executive Board

Dr. Uwe Schroeder-Wildberg

Gerhard Frieg

Muhyddin Suleiman

man Ralf Schmid

Executive bodies at MLP AG

Executive Board

Dr. Uwe Schroeder-Wildberg (Chairman, appointed until December 31, 2012)

Gerhard Frieg (Product Management and Purchasing, appointed until May 18, 2012)

Ralf Schmid (Chief Operating Officer, Member of the Executive Board of MLP AG since March 1, 2009, appointed until December 31, 2012)

Muhyddin Suleiman (Sales, appointed until September 3, 2012)

Supervisory Board

Dr. Peter Lütke-Bornefeld (Chairman)

Dr. h. c. Manfred Lautenschläger (Vice Chairman)

Dr. Claus-Michael Dill

Johannes Maret

Maria Bähr (Employee representative)

Norbert Kohler (Employee representative)

Contact

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Financial calendar

2009

| November 11 | Results for the 3rd quarter (Publication of the financial interim report) |
|-------------|---|
| November 18 | Roadshow, London |
| November 19 | WestLB German Conference, Frankfurt/Main |

2010

| January 11-13 | Commerzbank German Investment Seminar, New York |
|---------------|---|
| January 18-21 | Cheuvreux German Corporate Conference, Frankfurt/Main |
| February 24 | Preliminary results 2009 |
| March 25 | MLP Group Annual Report 2009 |
| May 12 | Results for the 1st quarter (Publication of the financial interim report) |
| May 20 | Annual General Meeting 2010 |
| May 21 | Dividend payment 2010 |
| August 12 | Results for the 2nd quarter (Publication of the financial interim report) |
| November 11 | Results for the 3rd quarter (Publication of the financial interim report) |

This documentation includes certain prognoses and information on future developments founded on the conviction of MLP AG's Executive Board and on assumptions and information currently available to MLP AG. Words such as "expect," "anticipate," "estimate," "assume," "intend," "plan," "should," "could," "project" and other similar terms used in reference to the company describe prognoses based on certain factors subject to uncertainty.

Many factors can contribute to the actual results of the MLP Group differing significantly from the prognoses made in such statements.

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